Conference Location: “The Margi Hotel”
Address: The Margi 11 Litous Street, Vouliagmeni 16671, Athens-Greece
Tel: +30 210 8929000, +30 210 8929128
Fax: +30 210 8960229
URL: http://www.themargi.gr
By Air
To Athens International Airport "Eleftherios Venizelos", (ATH)

Address: Attiki Odos (Αττική Οδός), Spata-Artemida, 190 04, Greece
Phone: +30 21 0353 0000
E-mail: airport_info@aia.gr
Website: www.aia.gr

Visa:
Before you start planning your travel to Greece you should visit the Ministry of foreign affairs’ web page to see if you need to get a Visa. For more details: http://www.mfa.gr/en/visas/visas-for-foreigners-traveling-to-greece/

- Visas for Foreigners travelling to Greece: http://www.mfa.gr/en/visas/visas-for-foreigners-traveling-to-greece/
By Public Transportation:

i. From the Airport: Take the Bus Line X96, get off at Bus Stop “ΠΗΓΑΔΑΚΙΑ”, cross “Athinas Avenue – Λεωφόρος Αθηνάς” and walk to the first stop “ΠΗΓΑΔΑΚΙΑ”, from there you need to take the Bus Line 114 and get off at the Bus Stop “ΒΑΚΧΟΥ” which is located at Litous Str. Walk towards to 11 Litous Str.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Airport Bus Line Ticket Price:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 x Adult: 5,00€</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x Adults: 14,00€</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 x Adults: 20,00€</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ii. From the Syntagma Square (City Center): From Syntagma Sq. get the E22 bus line and get off at the Bus Stop “LAIMOS”. From the Bus Station Laimos you need just to walk 10-15 min. until the Hotel. Walk straight to Poseidonos Str and turn right on the second street “Apollpnos”. Then on the third corner turn right to Litous street. Approximately time 1h 30min.

Important Info:
Purchased tickets are valid for 90 min. after validation and can be used for several journeys in all means of public transport in Athens including metro, buses, trolleybuses and trams (excluding the directions to/from the airport). Passengers must validate their tickets at the machines at the entrance to the station from which the journey starts. Don’t valid your ticket more than one time.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regular Bus Line Ticket Price:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single: 1,40 €</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24h-Daily Ticket: 4,00€</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weekly: 14,00€</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
By public transportation
By Car:
In case you would like to rent a car during your stay in Athens you are able to visit the information spot of the Airport which will guide you and show you the Car Hire Companies.
You will find 5 car rental companies at the Athens International Airport. Their offices are located at the Arrivals Level of the Main Terminal Building.

Avis: Tel (+30) 210 3530578-9
Budget: Tel (+30) 210 3530553-5
Hertz: Tel (+30) 210 3534900
National Car Rental / Alamo: Tel (+30) 210 3533323-4 & 3533354
Sixt: Tel (+30) 210 3530576 & 3530556

By Taxi: From Eleftherios Venizelos Airport to The Margi Hotel approx. 40-45 minutes.

Distances from the Hotel:
i. Athens International Airport 24.0 km/14.9 miles
ii. Athens Centre  20.0 km/12.4 miles
iii. Piraeus Port 22.5 km/14.0 miles
iv. Glyfada Shopping District 5.0 km/3.1 miles
v. Vouliagmeni Marina 1.0 km/0.6 miles
vi. Vouliagmeni Lake  2.0 km/1.2 miles
**Location:** 37.9778° N, 23.7278° E  
**Population:** 5,001,991  
**Area:** 361 km² (139 sq mi)

**History:** According to tradition, Athens was governed until c.1000 B.C. by Ionian kings, who had gained suzerainty over all Attica. After the Ionian kings Athens was rigidly governed by its aristocrats through the archontate until Solon began to enact liberal reforms in 594 B.C. Solon abolished serfdom, modified the harsh laws attributed to Draco (who had governed Athens c.621 B.C.), and altered the economy and constitution to give power to all the propertied classes, thus establishing a limited democracy. His economic reforms were largely retained when Athens came under (560–511 B.C.) the rule of the tyrant Pisistratus and his sons Hippias and Hipparchus. During this period the city's economy boomed and its culture flourished. Building on the system of Solon, Cleisthenes then established (c.506 B.C.) a democracy for the freemen of Athens, and the city remained a democracy during most of the years of its greatness. The Persian Wars (500–449 B.C.) made Athens the strongest Greek city-state. Much smaller and less powerful than Sparta at the start of the wars, Athens was more active and more effective in the fighting against Persia. The Athenian heroes Miltiades, Themistocles, and Cimon were largely responsible for building the city's strength. During the time of Pericles (443–429 B.C.) Athens reached the height of its cultural and imperial achievement; Socrates and the dramatists Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides were active. The incomparable Parthenon was built, and sculpture and painting flourished. Athens became a center of intellectual life. However, the rivalry with Sparta had not ended, and in 431 B.C. the Peloponnesian War between Sparta and Athens began. Athens became a provincial capital of the Byzantine Empire and a center of religious learning and devotion. Following the creation (1204) of the Latin Empire of Constantinople (see Constantinople, Latin Empire of), Athens passed (1205) to Othon de la Roche, a French nobleman from Franche-Comté, who was made megaskyr [great lord] of Athens and Thebes. Modern Athens was constructed only after 1834, when it became the capital of a newly independent Greece. Otto I, first king of the Hellenes (1832–62), rebuilt much of the city, and the first modern Olympic games were held there in 1896. The population grew rapidly in the 1920s, when Greek refugees arrived from Turkey. The city's inhabitants suffered extreme hardships during the German occupation (1941–44) in World War II, but the city escaped damage in the war and in the country's civil troubles of 1944–50. The 1950s and 60s brought unbridled expansion. Land clearance for suburban building caused runoff and flooding, requiring the modernization of the sewer system. The Mornos River was dammed and a pipeline over 100 mi (160 km) long was built to Athens, supplementing the inadequate water supply. The development of a highway system facilitated the proliferation of automobiles, resulting in increased air pollution. This accelerated the deterioration of ancient buildings and monuments, requiring preservation and conservation programs as well as traffic bans in parts of the city. The Ellinikon airport was modernized and enlarged to accommodate increased tourism. A strong earthquake jolted the city in 1999, and in 2004 the summer Olympic Games were held there again.
Weather
The temperatures continue to soar in May, with the continuing approach of the summer's hot and sunny days. The average daily temperature for Athens in this month can reach highs of 25°C (77°F) or drop to an average minimum temperature of 16°C (61°F). The chance of rain also drops during this month, as compared to the wetter winter months.

Time
Time Greece: GMT +2

Banks
Monday – Friday 08:00am – 14:30 pm

Post Office
Monday – Friday 08:00am – 14:30 pm. Saturday and Sunday closed.

Shopping
Mondays and Wednesdays: 09:00 am – 14:00 pm. Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays: 09:00 am – 14:00 pm and 17:30pm – 20:30pm
Saturday: 09:00 am – 14:30 pm. The Malls and Super Markets are open daily from 09:00am – 21:00pm. Closed on Sundays.

Electricity
Electrical sockets (outlets) in Greece usually supply electricity at between 220 and 240 volts AC. If you're plugging in an appliance that was built for 220-240 volt electrical input, or an appliance that is compatible with multiple voltages, then an adapter is all you need.

Special Needs
Delegates and accompanying persons with disabilities are invited to advise the Congress Secretariat of any special requirements.
Pharmacy
Mondays and Wednesdays: 09:00 am – 14:00 pm. Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays: 09:00 am – 14:00 pm and 17:30pm – 20:30pm At least one local pharmacy will be open at any time of the day. Details of and schedule for this "duty pharmacy". To find a pharmacy on duty in Athens you can call at: 14 944

Currency
Greece is a Member-State of the European Union and uses its uniform currency – the Euro. Greece, as is the case with the other Member-States of the E.U. uses eight coins as follows: 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 50 cents (lepta in Greek) and 1 and 2 Euros. The banknotes are issued in the following denominations: 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200 and 500 Euros. Currency exchange rates are clearly displayed in every bank that accepts currency exchange, while credit card holders may acquire money from the ATMs of the collaborating banks. Euros can also be exchanged for notes of other foreign currencies at exchange offices that are situated at the airport and certain main ports, in the larger cities, as well as at many tourist destinations. A passport is required when exchanging currencies.

Emergency Numbers

**European SOS 112:** The number 112 can be dialed to reach emergency services - medical, fire and police - from anywhere in Europe. This Pan-European emergency number 112 can be called from any telephone (landline, pay phone or mobile cellular phone). Calls are free. It can be used for any life-threatening situation, including:

- Serious medical problems (such as accident, unconscious person, severe injuries, chest pain, seizure)
- Any type of fire (house, car)

**Hospitals:** **Tel:** 14 944 or 171

For more information you can visit:
http://athens.angloinfo.com/information/healthcare/emergencies/
National Archaeological Museum, Athens

The National Archaeological Museum of Athens is the largest archaeological museum in Greece and one of the most important museums in the world devoted to ancient Greek art. It was founded at the end of the 19th century to house and protect antiquities from all over Greece, thus displaying their historical, cultural and artistic value.

**Address:** 44 Patission Street, Athens

**Opening hours:** Mondays: 13:00pm-20:00pm, Tuesday-Sunday and holidays: 08:00am-15:00pm

**Tel.:** +30 213 214 4800

**Admission:** 7€

**Reduced fee:** 3€ for E.U. senior citizens (over 65 years old), students from countries outside the E.U.

Entrance is free to all visitors on 18 May (International Museum Day)

For more details about the fees you can visit the official site:


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The Acropolis Museum

The new Acropolis Museum has a total area of 25,000 square meters, with exhibition space of over 14,000 square meters, ten times more than that of the old museum on the Hill of the Acropolis.

The new Museum offers all the amenities expected in an international museum of the 21st century.

**Address:** 15 Dionysiou Areopagitou Street, Athens

**Opening hours:** Tuesday to Sunday: 08:00am - 20:00pm, Friday: 08:00am - 22:00pm.

Monday: Closed

**Tel.:** +30 210 9000900

**Admission:** General admission fee: 5 euros, Reduced admission fee: 3 euros

For more details about the fees you can visit the official site:

**URL:** [http://www.theacropolismuseum.gr/en/content/day-acropolis-museum](http://www.theacropolismuseum.gr/en/content/day-acropolis-museum)
The Benaki Museum ranks among the major institutions that have enriched the material assets of the Greek state. It is also the oldest museum in Greece operating as a Foundation under Private Law. Through its extensive collections that cover several different cultural fields and its more general range of activities serving more than one social need, the Benaki Museum is perhaps the sole instance of a complex structure within the broader network of museum foundations in Greece.

a. **Historical Archives Museum**  
   **Address:** 38 Emmanouil Benaki Street & Delta Street, Kifisia  
   **Opening hours:** Monday - Thursday: 10:00 - 15:00  
   **Tel.:** +30 210 807 9878, +30 210 808 1896

b. **Main Building**  
   **Address:** 1 Koumbari Street & Vasilissis Sofias Avenue, Athens  
   **Opening hours:** Wednesday, Friday: 09:00am - 17:00pm  
   **Thursday, Saturday:** 09:00am - 24:00pm  
   **Sunday:** 09:00am - 15:00pm  
   **Tel.:** +30 210 807 9878, +30 210 808 1896  
   **Admission:** Full admission: € 7 Temporary Exhibition: € 5  
   Free admission every Thursday (optional fee € 1)

For more details about the fees you can visit the official site:  
The Goulandris Museum of Cycladic Art

The Museum of Cycladic Art is dedicated to the study and promotion of ancient cultures of the Aegean and Cyprus, with special emphasis on Cycladic Art of the 3rd millennium BC. It was founded in 1986, to house the collection of Nicholas and Dolly Goulandris. Since then it has grown in size to accommodate new acquisitions, obtained either through direct purchases or through donations by important collectors and institutions. Today, in the galleries of the MCA the visitor can approach three major subjects: a. Cycladic Art 3200-2000BC b. Ancient Greek Art 2000BC-AD 395, c. Ancient Cypriot Art 3900BC – 6th C. AD

Address: 4 Neophyto Douka street, Athens
Opening hours: Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday 10:00am - 17:00pm
Thursday: 10:00am - 20:00pm, Sunday: 11:00am - 17:00pm
Tuesday: Closed
Tel.: +30 210 7228321-3
URL: http://www.cycladic.gr/frontoffice/portal.asp?cpage=NODE&cnod=1
Admission: Full admission: 7€
Reduced entrance fees: seniors (over 65), students, 19-26 years old,
Monday entrance fee: 3.5€
Free admission every Thursday (optional fee €1)
Plaka

Plaka originates from the days of the Greek revolution. Under the Acropolis Plaka was built by the first construction workers that come from Anafi cycladic island and built Athens main buildings. The settlement of Anafiotika was created in the 19th century by migrants from the Cycladic island of Anafi. They built their houses on the steep slopes of the Acropolis in their traditional island style. Thus, they created a small village with white-washed houses and narrow paths between them. The village comes complete with a tiny church dedicated to St George. A closer look will reveal that the marble used for the construction of the church was taken from an ancient temple. Plaka is under the Acropolis. There are two main streets: Kydatheneon and Adrianou. Kydatheneon begins at Nikis st, which is one block down from Constitution (or Syntagma) Square.

Tip: From Syntagma take the metro line No. 2 (red line) and get off at Acropolis station.

For more information: [http://www.athensguide.org/athens-plaka.html](http://www.athensguide.org/athens-plaka.html)

Monastiraki

Monastiraki is the place that most of all represent tradition and tourist sightseeing in Athens at the same time. It is located under the shadow of Acropolis at the South West section of the magisterial Sacred Rock and next to the Ancient Market and Attalos loft. Monastiraki is famous for the flea market and it is a great place for a Sunday morning walk. An early visit in the morning will help as later on the crowd becomes impossible and there are tables available at the many cafes and restaurants for a drink or a snack.

Tip: From Syntagma take the metro line No 3 (blue line) and get off at Monastiraki station.

For more information: [http://www.athensguide.org/tavel-to-athens.html](http://www.athensguide.org/tavel-to-athens.html)
Psyrri

This is a neighborhood within the old part of the city of Athens in Greece. Psiri is the centre of night life in Athens located right in the centre (Monastiraki) bording with Plaka in one side and with Omonia in the other side. Psiri looks different in day - it is interesting place during the day and magic in the night.

Tip: From Syntagma take the metro line No 3 (blue line) and get off at Monastiraki station. For more information: http://www.greece-athens.com/place.php?place_id=73

Thissio

Thissio (or Thiseio) square is located at the pedestrianized Apostolou Paulou Street. On the other side is Thiseion garden, the first of the city's public gardens, dating from 1862. The square is full of outdoor cafés, which offer wonderful views of the Acropolis.

Tip: From Syntagma take the metro line No 3 (blue line), get off at Monastiraki station, take the Line 1 (green line) to Piraeus and get off at Thisio station. For more information: http://www.greece-athens.com/place.php?place_id=74
Athens City Tour Buses

City Tour Buses are running in a daily base around Athens and Piraues. Kindly visit the official site of Tour Buses “Hop on – Hop off” in order to find out the timetable, the map and prices.

For more information: [http://www.citysightseeing.gr/](http://www.citysightseeing.gr/)

Enjoy Athens Sightseeing with the Happy Train

If you want to enjoy an amazing sightseeing tour in the historical center of Athens and experience the most famous ancient sights and monuments of the city, hop-on the Happy Train. The Happy Train is a toy-like street train that starts its tour from the Constitution Square and follows an amazing route through the historical center of the city, the old neighborhoods and the hill of Acropolis.

We invite you to explore the unique sights of Acropolis, Plaka, Temple of Zeus, Thisseon, Ancient and Roman Market, Zappeion, Panathinaiko Stadium, Theatre of Herodes Atticus, Hadrian Arch, Monastiraki Square, New Acropolis Museum and others in the 60-minute duration sightseeing tour.

You can hop-on and hop-off as much as you like at any of the stops on the route, and have a wonderful view of the city history and modern life in your hands. Athens Sightseeing by Happy Train is one of the fun things to do in the city!

i. Around the Conference Venue

a. «Γαρμπή», Ιλίου & Σελίνης 21, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
   “Garbi restaurant”, Iliou 21 & Selinis, Kavouri.
   Operation hours: Daily 12.30pm-12.30am
   Telephone: 210.8963480 / 210.8963460
   Email: info@garbi-restaurant.gr

b. «Ιθάκη», Αππόλωνος 28, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
   “Ithaki” 28 Apollonos street, Lemos Vouliagmenis, Athens, Greece
   Telephone: +30 210 8963747, +30 210 8963739
   E mail: ithakivs@otenet.gr
c. «Σχάρα», Λεωφόρος Ποσειδώνος 15, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
“Schara”, 15 Poseidonos Avenue, Vouliagmeni, Athens
Tel: 2108962432

d. «Λουϊζίδης», Ερμού 2, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
“Louizidis”, 2 Ermou str., Vouliagmeni, Athens
Tel: Tel: 210-8960591
ii. In the famous old city around Acropolis

a. «Ο Γέρος του Μοριά», Μνησικλέους 27, Πλάκα, Αθήνα
   “O Geros tou Moria”, 27 Mnisikleous str, Plaka, Athens
   Tel: 210 3221753
b. «Ο Ζορμπάς», Λησσίου 15 & Ερεχθέος, Πλάκα, Αθήνα
“Zorbas Tavern”, 15 Lissiou str. and Eretheos, Plaka, Athens
Tel: 2103226188